Innovative Approaches to Financing Municipal Buildings

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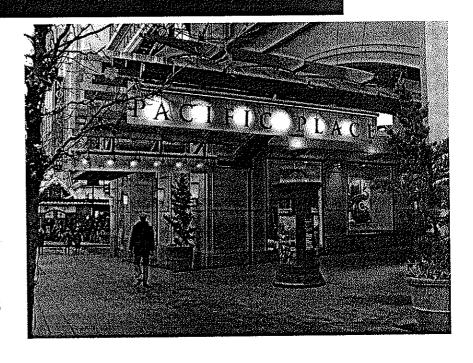
Housing and Economic Development Corporation

Recent Projects in the Northwest

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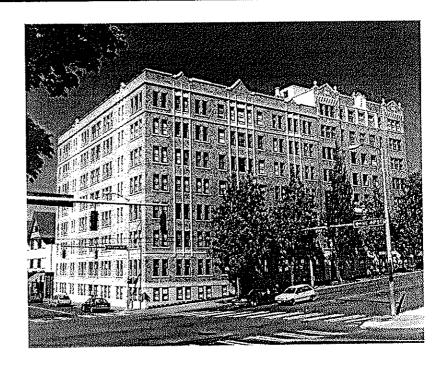
Pacific Place Parking Garage Community Development Properties King County II

- 1,200-space Parking Garage
- Anchored a \$400 Million Downtown Development Project
- Financing: 501(c)(3) Bonds



Commodore Duchess Apartments University of Washington, Seattle

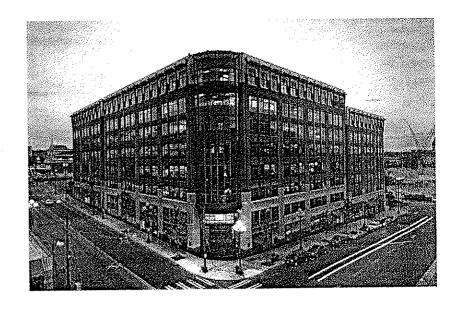
- 139-unit Student Housing
- 50 Percent Cost Savings over the University's own estimates
- Financing: 63-20 Bonds



King Street Center CDP King County III (Washington)

- 327,000 sq. ft. Municipal Office Building
- LEED Gold
- Saved Two Years in County Development Process

• Financing: 63-20 Bonds



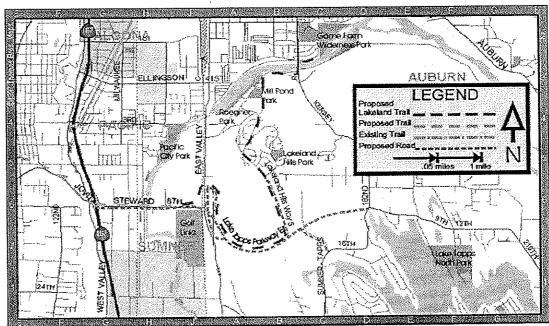
4225 RooseveltEducational Research Properties

- 127,717 sq. ft. Medical Office Building
- Acquisition and Modest Rehabilitation
- Allowed the University of Washington to Acquire Leased Space and Stabilize its Occupancy Costs
- Financing: 63-20 Bonds



Lake Tapps Parkway Properties Pierce County, Washington

- Allowed Pierce County the Opportunity to Complete a Major Roadway,
 Parks and Storm Water Sewer without Issuing Municipal Debt
- Financing: 63-20 Bonds



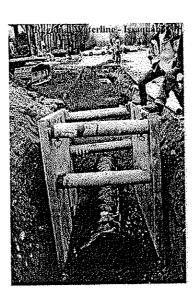
Radford Court University of Washington

- 399-unit University of Washington Married Student Housing
- Allowed for the Development of Student Housing without University Debt
- Saved Two Years in Development Process
- Financing: 63-20 Bonds



Issaquah Highlands King County, Washington

- Construction of a Regional Water Line
- Facilitated the Commercial and Residential Development within the Urban Growth Boundaries of Suburban King County
- Reduced the Development Costs and Shortened the Development Timeline.
- Financing: 63-20 Bonds





Nordheim Court University of Washington

- 460-bed, 146-unit
 University of
 Washington Student
 Housing
- 18-month
 Development
 Timeline / 20 percent
 Cost Savings
- Financing: 63-20 Bonds



Patricia Bracelin Steele Building Broadway Office Properties

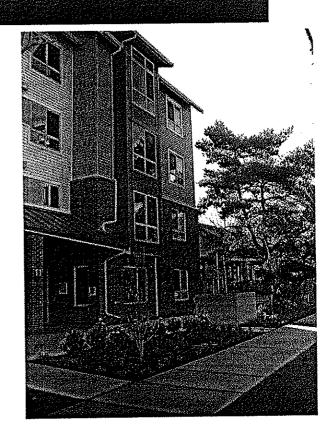
- 156,800 sq. ft. Medical Office Building with 198 Parking Stalls
- Tenant -- King County's Harborview Medical Center
- Significantly Reduced the Development Timeline
- Financing: 63-20 Bonds



Wesley Apartments

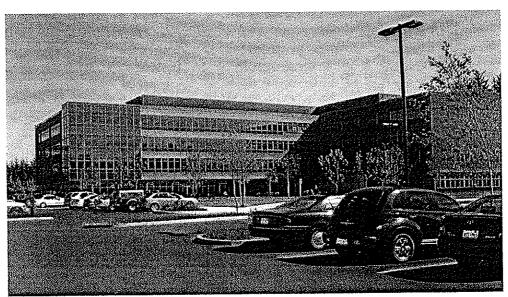
Nickerson Area Properties

- 156-bed, 40-unit Seattle Pacific University Student Housing
- Privately Built and Financed University Housing on University-leased Land
- 18 Months from Concept to Occupancy
- Financing: 501(c)(3) Bonds



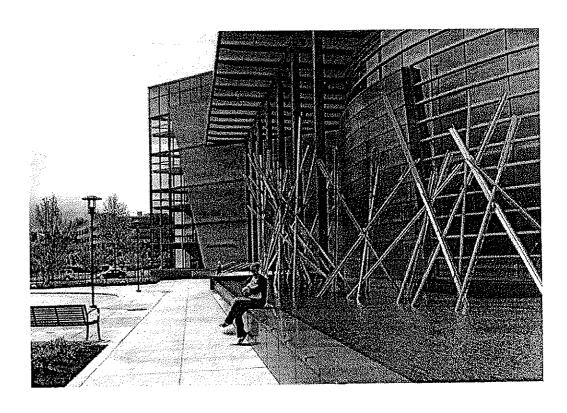
Tumwater Office Properties State of Washington

- 200,000 sq. ft. State of Washington Office Building with Surface Parking for 670 Cars
- Significantly Shortened the Development Process Resulting in Cost Reduction
- Financing: 63-20 Bonds LEED Gold



Redmond Community Properties Redmond, Washington

- 107,000 sq. ft. City Hall with 453-space
 Detached Parking Structure
- Cost Savings from Financing Helped Justify the Decision to Build
- LEED Silver (Pending)
- Financing: 63-20 Bonds



Washington Biomedical Research Properties I

- 105,000 sq. ft. Biomedical Research Laboratory for the University of Washington School of Medicine
- Rehabilitation
- Cost Savings estimated at
 20 Percent
- Financing: 501(c)(3) Bonds



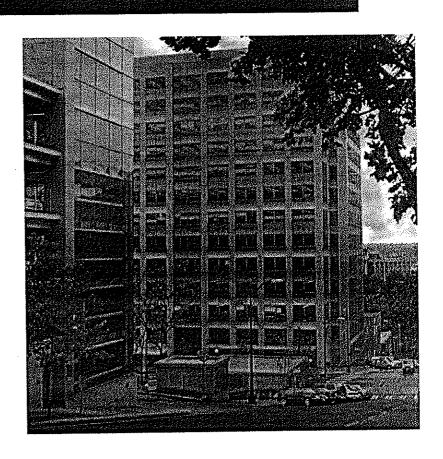
TSB Properties University of Washington

- 71,351 sq. ft. University of Washington Computer Center
- Acquisition
- Financing Allowed the University to Meet a Rigid Acquisition Timeline
- Financing: Conventional Bank Loan Taken Out with 63-20 Bonds



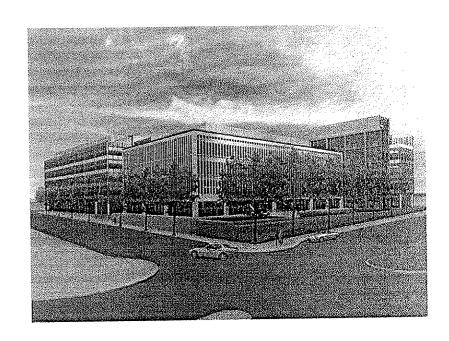
Goat Hill Properties King County, Washington

- 295,000 sq. ft. King County Municipal Office Building with Detached 817-space Parking Garage
- Significantly Reduced the Development Timeline and Development Budget
- Financing: 63-20 Bonds



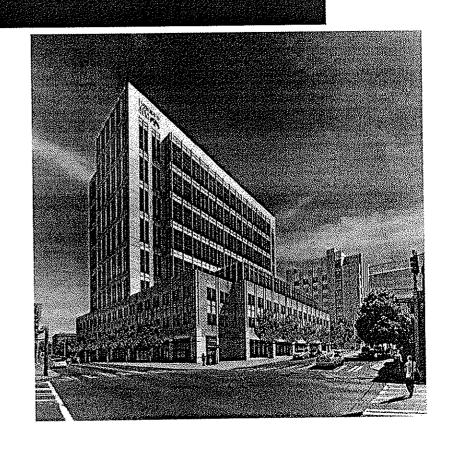
WBRP Phase II University of Washington

- 300,000 sq. ft.
 Biomedical Research
 Laboratory for the
 University of
 Washington School of
 Medicine
- 20 percent Projected Cost Savings
- Financing: 501(c)(3)
 Bonds



NJB Properties

- 440,000 Sq. Ft. Medical Office Building
- Erased a \$30,000,000 project overrun on previous GC-CM process
- 63-20 Bonds



NDC / HEDC Projects: Cumulative Benefits

- Recent Projects of the National Development Council's Housing and Economic Development Corporation (HEDC)
 - Seventeen projects over eight years
 - \$1.0 billion in construction
 - Over \$150 million in local government cost savings

Tax-Exempt Bonds for Municipal Facilities

- Blending Public Sector Finance and the Private Sector Building Process
- Two Models
 - Revenue Ruling 63-20 / Revenue Procedure 82-26
 - -501(c)(3) bonds

Revenue Ruling 63-20/ Revenue Procedure 82-26

- IRS's 20th Revenue Ruling in 1963
- Revenue Ruling 63-20 Allows a Not-for-Profit
 Corporation to Issue Debt to Finance a Facility for a Tax-exempt Purpose Provided the Following
 - A local government endorses the financing
 - The facility will to be occupied by a tax-exempt entity, and
 - The facility <u>must</u> revert without encumbrance to the ownership of the endorsing local government at the retirement of the debt

63-20 Bonds for Municipal Facilities

- While 63-20 Is not the Best Financing Vehicle for Not-for-Profits, it Is Useful for Financing Government Buildings
- 63-20 Bonds Allow for the Following
 - Private development of public buildings using private taxexempt debt
 - Government control of the facility's use under the terms of a long-term lease or use agreement
 - A federal requirement that the facility to revert to governmental ownership at the retirement of the debt

63-20 Bonds for Municipal Facilities (cont.)

- Advantages of Using 63-20 Bonds to Finance Municipal Facilities
 - Tax-exempt debt
 - Private development experience
- Disadvantages of Using 63-20 Bonds to Finance Municipal Facilities
 - Slightly greater up front cost
 - Slightly higher interest rate (4 to 10 basis points)

63-20 Bonds for Municipal Facilities (cont.)

- When Does it Make Sense to use 63-20?
 - When a private development process saves more in time and money than the added cost of an alternative tax exempt bond financing
 - When conventional general obligation bonds are not a good alternative

501(c)(3) Bonds for Municipal Facilities

- 501(c)(3) Bonds: The Current Means by which 501(c)(3) Not-for-Profits Finance Facilities
- Requires 501(c)(3) Status
 - The activity must further the not-for-profit's public purpose
 - The use of the facility must be for an exempt activity
 - The bonds must be issued by a public agency

501(c)(3) Bonds for Municipal Facilities (cont.)

- If the Not-for-Profit Can Meet the Previous Three Tests and Find an Issuer
 - 501(c)(3) bonds can be used to assist municipalities in constructing buildings
- The Reversion to Municipal Ownership, so Valuable in 63-20, can then be Accomplished by Contract

63-20 and 501(c)(3) Bond Processes Steps and Key Players

- Development of any Type Does Not Happen Easily
 - Steps of the 63-20 and 501(c)(3)development process
 - 1. Public agency decides to use an alternative development process
 - 2. A not-for-profit is selected (RFQ or negotiation)
 - 3. A developer is selected (usually by RFP)

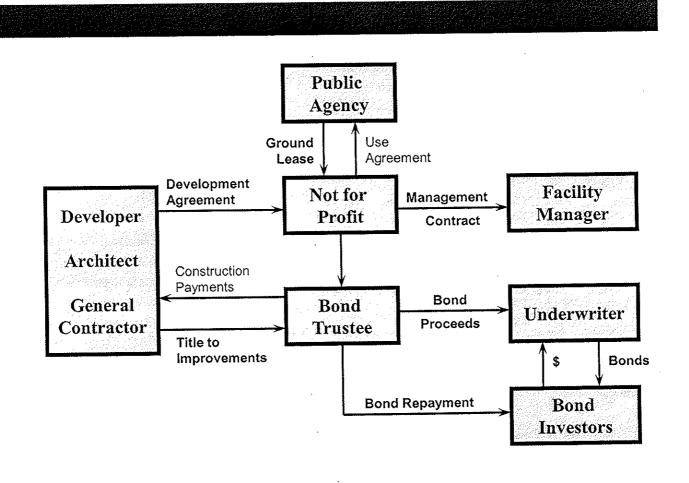
Not-for-Profit Responsibilities

- Review Construction and Process Construction Draws
- Asset Management
 - Oversee property manager
 - Process lease payments
- Bond Compliance
 - Annual audits
 - Annual certification and reporting
- Oversee Repairs and Upgrades

The Not-for-Profit Both 63-20 and 501(c)(3) Financed Structures

- Not Your Typical Not-for-Profit
 - Must be a single asset entity that has bankruptcy remote characteristics
 - Strength and substance: there should be qualities about the not-for-profit that suggest it will be in existence for the next 30 years (or the length of the term of the bonds)
 - Must have the correct public purpose
 - Must understand real estate development including longterm asset management
 - Must understand the requirements of bond compliance

Typical 63-20 or 501 c 3 Structure Flow Chart



For More Information . . .

 NDC, through Housing and Economic Development Corporation (HEDC), NDC's Subsidiary Development Arm, has worked with many Municipalities to bring together the Advantages of Tax-Exempt Financing and Private Sector Development Experience

 Contact us to Learn if we Can Help your Community with its Municipal Building Projects

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